

Academic Year 2026

Graduate School of Engineering, The University of Tokyo

Department of Applied Chemistry

Guide to Entrance Examinations

Master's Program

Doctoral Program

【Contact】

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Objectives of Education/Research at the Department of Applied Chemistry

The objectives of education and research in our Department are to cultivate independent human resources who have both a wide-ranging foundation and advanced expertise in applied chemistry and can take the initiative in conducting research and development in a variety of fields based on them. In addition, our department also aims to promote world-leading cutting-edge research.

General Information for Applicants in AY 2026

It is possible that the contents of the Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering and the Guide to Entrance Examinations for the Department of Applied Chemistry will be changed. In that case, we will announce the change on the following websites, so you need to check them at any time.

Graduate School of Engineering Website:

<https://www.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/soe/admission/general-guideline>

Department of Applied Chemistry Website:

<https://www.appchem.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/examination/>

1. Periods of Acceptance of Application and Examinations (Refer to the Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering)

Regular Admission

Master's Program (for those who wish to enroll in April or October) ^{*1}

Application accepted	From May 30 to June 5 (3 pm), 2025
Examination dates ^{*1, *2}	From August 25 to August 26, 2025 ^{*2}
Announcement of successful applicants	September 5, 2025

Doctoral Program ^{*1}

	Application Schedule A		Application Schedule B
	For those who wish to enroll in April	For those who wish to enroll in October	
Application accepted	From May 30 to June 5 (3 pm), 2025		From November 28 to December 4 (3 pm), 2025
Examination dates	First stage ^{*1}	August 26, 2025 ^{*2}	
	Second stage	Late January to early February 2026 ^{*3, *4}	At the same time as the first stage
Announcement of successful applicants	(September 5, 2025 for the first stage results) February 12, 2026	September 5, 2025	February 12, 2026

^{*1} For information on eligibility and application procedures, see Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering.

^{*2} Refer to the examination dates specified in this Guide (p. 8). It is possible that the examination dates will be changed. Therefore, you need to check the websites of Graduate School of Engineering and Department of Applied Chemistry at any time.

^{*3} The date will be announced later.

^{*4} For those who have been conferred, or are expected to be conferred by September 30, 2025, a Master's or a professional degree, details will be notified separately.

2. Implementation Methods, etc.

- 1) The examination for the Master's program and the first stage examination of Application Schedule A for the doctoral program will be held on-site. The second stage examination for the doctoral program Application Schedule A and the examination for the doctoral program Application Schedule B will be announced separately.
- 2) The examination will be held at the examination room of the Graduate School of Engineering, the University of Tokyo (7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo). You will be notified of the detailed information about the location when an examination admission card is sent.
- 3) Applicants must enter the designated examination room at least 20 minutes before the start of the examination.

3. Items to Bring

- 1) Examination admission card
- 2) Black pencils (or black mechanical pencils), an eraser, a pencil sharpener (a desktop type is not allowed), and a watch (watches with functions other than time measurement are not allowed).
- 3) Use of electronic devices such as cell phones is strictly prohibited throughout the examination, even if you only use it as a watch. Make sure to completely deactivate any sound alerts and/or alarm settings, turn off the phone's power, and put it in your bag before you enter the examination room. Do not take it out in the examination room.

4. Notice during the Written Examinations

- 1) Follow the instruction from the proctor during the examination.
- 2) You cannot leave the examination room after the start of the examination.
- 3) The examination admission card must be kept on your desk at all times during the examination.
- 4) Applicants cannot take home the answer sheets or the problem booklets after the examination.
- 5) Do not leave the room until instructed to do so by the proctor.

5. Others

- 1) If there is a change in your current address or contact information after submitting the application, you must notify us of it promptly.
- 2) We do not answer any inquiries about acceptance or rejection by telephone calls, fax, e-mail, and other inquiries.
- 3) If any false statement or forgery is found in the application documents, or if there is clear evidence that there was any fraudulent activity in the examination, the pass may be canceled even after enrolling in or going on to a graduate school.

Information of Examinations for the Applicants for the Department of Applied Chemistry (Master's Program), Graduate School of Engineering, The University of Tokyo

1. Any applications who meet the qualifications for a master's program will be accepted, irrespective of the department they graduated from and the year when they were qualified.
2. Applicants are required to fill out the **Questionnaire Sheet 1** (p. 10, p. 11) in this Guide and specify the order of preference on the **Questionnaire Sheet 2** (p. 12). Submit both questionnaires together with the application for admission.
3. Note that those who do not fulfill the required number of subjects will be rejected. In order to qualify for admission, it is necessary to meet both requirements: “the evaluation by the total score of 1) foreign language, 2) general education subjects, and 3) oral examination” and “the evaluation by 3) oral examination alone”.
4. Priority to be assigned to the first-choice laboratory will be given to a small number of applicants who wish to proceed to a doctoral program at the same laboratory where they will complete their master's program. Applicants wishing to go on to a doctoral program at their first-choice laboratory should apply through the Department of Applied Chemistry website (<https://www.appchem.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/examination/>) by July 31, 2025, and contact the faculty member of the laboratory of their choice.
5. Foreign nationals who have the qualifications listed in the Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering are eligible to take Special Selection for International Applicants. Applicants who wish to take the Special Selection for International Applicants must contact the faculty member of the desired laboratory by May 12, 2025, and have an interview and guidance before applying. Applicants who have graduated or are expected to graduate from The University of Tokyo or other universities in Japan must take the regular admission examination.
6. If any false statement or forgery is found in the application documents, or if there is clear evidence that there was any fraudulent activity in the examination, the pass may be canceled even after enrolling in or going on to a graduate school.
7. Assignments of successful applicants to laboratories will be posted on the bulletin board of the Department of Applied Chemistry at Building No. 5 of the Faculty of Engineering and the Department of Applied Chemistry website after the announcement of successful applicants.

Examination subjects	Remarks
1) Foreign language (English) *1 Submission of an official score: TOEFL iBT or TOEFL-iBT Home Edition	There will be no written test at the venue. (200 points)
2) General education subjects Chemistry Physical Chemistry (1 problem) Inorganic Chemistry (1 problem) Organic Chemistry (1 problem)	Answer two of the three problems in physical chemistry, inorganic chemistry, and organic chemistry. Problems related to analytical chemistry, polymer chemistry, and biochemistry may be included. (600 points)
3) Oral examination	In the oral examination, motivation for studying at the Department of Applied Chemistry and communication ability are gauged. In addition, questions on research for the graduation thesis (or the equivalent) and general chemistry are asked. (100 points)

*1 **【Notes】**

- Applicants should submit a score from a test administered in September 2023 or later.
- Score submission deadline: August 8, 2025
- For information on how to submit a score, please refer carefully to the information provided in Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering.

Information on Examinations for the Applicants for the Department of Applied Chemistry (Doctoral Program), Graduate School of Engineering, The University of Tokyo

I. The First-stage Examination

1. Any application who meet the qualifications for a doctoral program will be accepted, irrespective of the field of specialization in the master's program and the year when they were qualified.
2. Applicants are required to contact the academic supervisor whom they want to be guided by in the program. After receiving guidance and an interview, applicants must obtain the consent of the supervisor before applying.
3. All applicants, except those who have completed (or are expected to complete) the Graduate School of Engineering of The University of Tokyo, must submit an Academic Transcript from the Previous University specified in "7. Documents to Submit" in the Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering.
4. Applicants are required to specify the name of academic advisor whom they want to be guided by in the **Questionnaire Sheet 1** (p. 10, p. 11) in this Guide and submit it together with the application for admission.
5. The examination subjects are as listed below. Note that those who do not fulfill the required number of subjects will be rejected. In order to qualify for admission, it is necessary to meet the requirements in all categories from 1) to 3).
6. If any false statement or forgery is found in the application documents, or if there is clear evidence that there was any fraudulent activity in the examination, the pass may be canceled even after enrolling in or going on to a graduate school.

Application Schedule A

Examination subjects *1	Remarks
1) Foreign languages (English) *2, *3, *4 Submission of an official score: TOEFL iBT or TOEFL-iBT Home Edition	There will be no written test at the venue.
2) Specialized academic subjects	Essay type examination on specialized academic subjects
3) Oral examination	Questions on the research performed in one's master's program or equivalent thereof are asked.

Application Schedule B

Examination subjects *1	Remarks
1) Foreign languages (English) *2, *3, *4 Submission of an official score: TOEFL iBT or TOEFL-iBT Home Edition	There will be no written test at the venue.
2) Specialized academic subjects	Essay type examination on specialized academic subjects
3) Oral examination	Questions on the research conducted for one's master's program or its equivalent are asked.

Note:

- *1 Applicants who have completed (or plan to complete) the master's or professional degree program at The University of Tokyo are exempted from "foreign languages".
- *2 **Application Schedule A:** Applicants should submit a score from a test administered in September 2023 or later.
Application Schedule B: Applicants should submit a score from a test administered in February 2024 or later.
For information on how to submit a score, please refer carefully to the information provided in Application Guidelines for the Graduate School of Engineering carefully.
- *3 **The score must be 61 in iBT or above.**
- *4 Score submission deadline **Application Schedule A:** August 8, 2025
Application Schedule B: January 9, 2026

II. The Second-stage Examination

Application Schedule A

For those who have passed the first-stage examination, questions on research in the master's program or the equivalent are asked.*1, 2

Note:

- *1 For those who have been conferred, or are expected to be conferred by September 30, 2025, a Master's or a professional degree, details will be notified separately. For applicants who wish to enroll in October, the examination will be held at the same time as the first-stage examination.
- *2 For those who live outside Japan, remote examination using Zoom, for example, may be permitted.

Application Schedule B

An oral examination in the first-stage examination will also play the role of the second-stage examination.

List of Laboratories

Number of students to be admitted in academic year 2026

Master's program: 33

Doctoral program: 13

Department	Name of Laboratory
Graduate School of Engineering	<u>Noji Laboratory</u> <u>Yamaguchi Laboratory</u> <u>Yanagida Laboratory</u> <u>Nishibayashi Laboratory</u> <u>Uemura Laboratory</u> <u>Kim Laboratory</u> <u>Fujita-Sato Laboratory</u>
Institute of Industrial Science	<u>Tatsuma Laboratory</u> <u>Ishii Laboratory</u> , <u>Sunada Laboratory</u> <u>Tsukamoto Laboratory</u>
Graduate School of Frontier Sciences	<u>Takeya Laboratory</u> ※ also serves as a lab in Graduate School of Engineering <u>Uchida Laboratory</u> ※ also serves as a lab in Graduate School of Engineering <u>Suzuki Laboratory</u> ※ also serves as a lab in Graduate School of Engineering (TBD)

Note for filling out the Questionnaire Sheet 2

- Assignment of successful applicants to laboratories is conducted in the order of scores of the examination, giving priority to the preference of the applicants with the highest grade. Enter the order of preference in the blank column on the left of each individual laboratory name. Note that you may not be able to pass if you cannot be assigned to any of the laboratory due to an incorrect entry (such as entering the same number in multiple spaces) or an entry in only some of the laboratories. If you wish to change the order of preference after submitting an application, fill out the **Questionnaire Sheet 2: Notification of Change** and submit it according to the instructions given during the general education subject examination.
- Applicants who wish to apply to a laboratory in the Graduate School of Frontier Sciences should contact the faculty member of the laboratory they wish to apply to in advance and receive guidance before applying.
- Priority to be assigned to the first-choice laboratory will be given to a small number of applicants who wish to proceed to a doctoral program at the same laboratory where they will complete their master's program. Applicants wishing to go on to a doctoral program at their first-choice laboratory should apply through the Department of Applied Chemistry website (<https://www.appchem.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/examination/>) by July 31, 2025, and contact the faculty member of the laboratory of their choice.

Examination Dates

Program	Examination Subjects	Date and Time	Remarks
Master's Program	Foreign languages English		- Submit your official TOEFL® score. - There will be no written test at the venue.
	Regular education subjects Chemistry	August 26, 2025 From 9:00 to 11:00	- Answer two of the three problems in physical chemistry, inorganic chemistry, and organic chemistry. Important instructions regarding the notification of change will be given during this examination.
	Oral examination	August 25, 2025 From 9:00	- Arrive at the venue 15 minutes earlier. - In the oral examination, motivation for studying at the Department of Applied Chemistry and communication ability are gauged. In addition, questions on research for the graduation thesis (or the equivalent) and general chemistry are asked.
Doctoral Program (Application Schedule A)	First-stage examination	Foreign languages English *1	- Submit your official TOEFL® score. - There will be no written test at the venue.
		Specialized academic subjects	August 26, 2025 From 13:00 to 14:30
		Oral examination *2	August 26, 2025 From 15:00
	Second-stage examination *3, *4, *5	Late January to early February 2026 *6	- For those who have passed the first-stage examination, questions on research conducted for one's master's program or its equivalent are asked.
Doctoral Program (Application Schedule B)	Foreign languages English *1		- Submit your official TOEFL® score. - There will be no written test at the venue.
	Specialized academic subjects	Mid-January to early February 2026 *6	
	Oral examination *5	Mid-January to early February 2026 *6	- Same as Application Schedule A.

*1 Applicants who have completed (or plan to complete) the master's or professional degree program at The University of Tokyo are exempted from "foreign languages".

*2 For those who are enrolled in the master's program of this Department, this is substituted by the interim presentation of a master's thesis.

*3 For those who have been conferred, or are expected to be conferred by September 30, 2025, a Master's or a professional degree, details will be notified separately. For applicants who wish to enroll in October, the examination will be held at the same time as the first-stage examination.

*4 For those who live outside Japan, remote examination using Zoom, for example, may be permitted.

*5 For those who are enrolled in the master's program of this Department, this is substituted by the final presentation of a master's thesis.

*6 The date and time will be announced later.

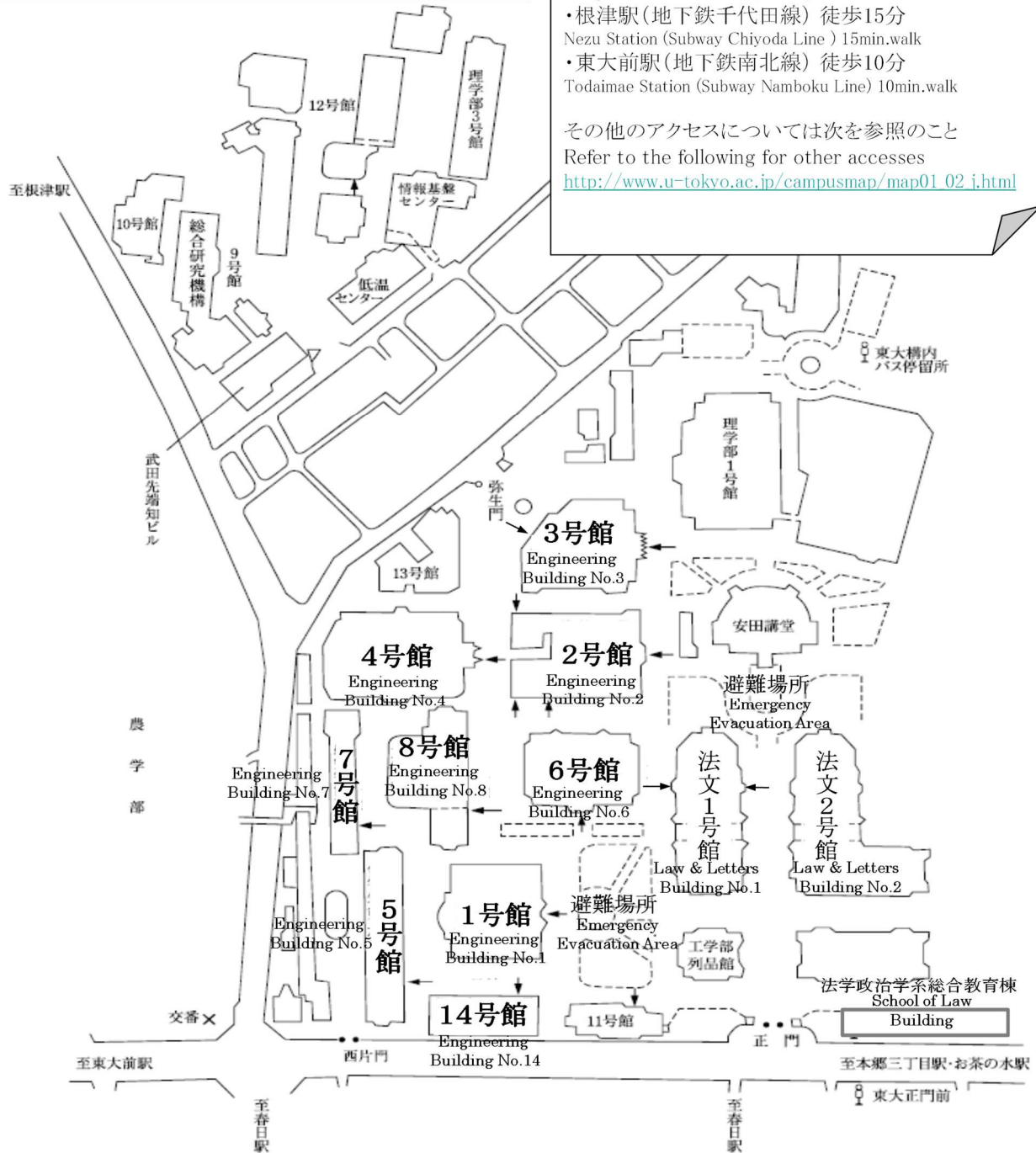
試験場案内(東京大学本郷キャンパス)
Campus Map for the Examination
(Hongo campus, the University of Tokyo)

地下鉄利用 Subway

- ・本郷三丁目駅(地下鉄丸の内線) 徒歩20分
Hongo-sanchoe Station (Subway Marunouchi Line) 20min.walk
- ・本郷三丁目駅(地下鉄大江戸線) 徒歩20分
Hongo-sanchoe Station (Subway Oedo Line) 20min.walk
- ・根津駅(地下鉄千代田線) 徒歩15分
Nezu Station (Subway Chiyoda Line) 15min.walk
- ・東大前駅(地下鉄南北線) 徒歩10分
Todaimae Station (Subway Namboku Line) 10min.walk

その他のアクセスについては次を参照のこと
Refer to the following for other accesses

http://www.u-tokyo.ac.jp/campusmap/map01_02_i.html



【Applicants must submit this sheet together with the application for admission. Applicants for the master's program must also submit the **Questionnaire Sheet 2** on p. 12.】

Questionnaire Sheet 1

Department of Applied Chemistry
(For both master's and doctoral programs) Graduate School of Engineering, The University of Tokyo

Name of Applicant		* Examinee Number	
Former University (Department/Faculty)			
Contact information after examination: (Address, telephone number and email address of home, lodging, current university, etc.)	Telephone: Email address:		
Please describe in detail about (1) your motivation to enroll in or go on to the Department of Applied Chemistry, (2) what you want to study and research in the Department of Applied Chemistry, and (3) your future outlook and course plan. 【To master's program applicants】 The information contained herein will be used as a reference for the oral examination.			

<Questionnaire Sheet 1 continued>

Name of an academic supervisor you want to be guided by **(for applicants to the doctoral program only)**

* Do not enter the examinee number.

Questionnaire Sheet 2

(For applicants to the master's program only. Submit this sheet together with the application for admission.)

- Listed below are the names of all laboratories of the Department of Applied Chemistry.
- Enter the order of preference (1, 2, 3...) in the blank column on the left of each individual laboratory name.
- Note that you may not be able to pass if you cannot be assigned to any of the laboratory due to an incorrect entry (such as entering the same number in multiple spaces) or an entry in only some of the laboratories. It is highly recommended to keep a copy of this sheet.
- Priority to be assigned to the first-choice laboratory will be given to a small number of applicants who wish to proceed to a doctoral program at the same laboratory where they will complete their master's program. Applicants wishing to go on to a doctoral program at their first-choice laboratory should apply through the Department of Applied Chemistry website (<https://www.appchem.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/examination/>) by July 31, 2025, and contact the faculty member of the laboratory of their choice.
- This form must be submitted at the time of application. If you wish to change the order of preference, fill out the **Questionnaire Sheet 2: Notification of Change** on the following page and submit it according to the instructions given during the general education subject examination.

Order of Preference	Name of Laboratory	Order of Preference	Name of Laboratory	Order of Preference	Name of Laboratory
	Noji Laboratory		Yamaguchi Laboratory		Yanagida Laboratory
	Nishibayashi Laboratory		Uemura Laboratory		Kim Laboratory
	Fujita-Sato Laboratory		Tatsuma Laboratory		Ishii Laboratory
	Sunada Laboratory		Tsukamoto Laboratory		Takeya Laboratory
	Uchida Laboratory		Suzuki Laboratory		/

I declare that my order of preference is as above.

Name of Applicant

Questionnaire Sheet 2: Notification of Change

This form must be filled out only when the applicant for the master's program wishes to change the order of preference of laboratories and must be submitted according to the instructions given during the general education subject examination.

- Listed below are the names of all laboratories of the Department of Applied Chemistry.
- Enter the order of preference (1, 2, 3...) in the blank column on the left of each individual laboratory name.
- Note that you may not be able to pass if you cannot be assigned to any of the laboratory due to an incorrect entry (such as entering the same number in multiple spaces) or an entry in only some of the laboratories. It is highly recommended to keep a copy of this sheet.

Order of Preference	Name of Laboratory	Order of Preference	Name of Laboratory	Order of Preference	Name of Laboratory
	Noji Laboratory		Yamaguchi Laboratory		Yanagida Laboratory
	Nishibayashi Laboratory		Uemura Laboratory		Kim Laboratory
	Fujita-Sato Laboratory		Tatsuma Laboratory		Ishii Laboratory
	Sunada Laboratory		Tsukamoto Laboratory		Takeya Laboratory
	Uchida Laboratory		Suzuki Laboratory		/

I declare that my order of preference is as above.

Name of Applicant
Examinee Number

Supervisors	NOJI LAB.
<p>Hiroyuki NOJI, Professor</p> <p>Kazuhiro TABATA, Associate professor</p> <p>Hiroshi UENO, Lecturer</p>	<p>The main fields of our research are nanobioscience and nanobiotechnology; single-molecule biophysics, single-molecule digital bioassays, and artificial cell reactor project.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Single-molecule biophysics We have been pursuing the elucidation of chemo-mechanical coupling mechanism of a rotary molecular motor, ATP synthase by use of single-molecule techniques. ● Single-molecule digital bioassay We developed femto-liter reactor technology that enables single-molecule enzymatic assays, termed ‘digital bioassay’. This technology is currently utilized for single-molecule immunoassay digital ELSA that allows ultrasensitive and highly quantitative analysis. This novel analysis strategy attracts large attentions not only from academia but also from industry with expectation for the next-generation platform of diagnostic. ● Artificial cell reactor technology By implementing cell-free gene expression system into femto-reactors, we developed ‘digital gene expression’ system that allows analysis of gene expression activity from single DNA molecules. This system enables in vitro enzyme screening with unprecedentedly high accuracy. ● Autonomous artificial cell We have just launched this project with the aim to build artificial cells from purified biomolecules and/or synthetic molecules. Currently, we developed autonomously growing artificial cell reactor system.
Supervisors	YAMAGUCHI LAB.
<p>Kazuya YAMAGUCHI, Professor</p> <p>Takafumi YATABE, Lecturer</p>	<p>Our laboratory is mainly engaged in research on catalyst-related themes: (1) development of environmentally friendly, high-efficiency, and novel molecular transformations using multi-functional solid catalysts and (2) effective utilization of CO₂ and biomass resources through green chemical processes.</p> <p>(1) We aim to develop green reactions starting from the direct activation of inactive bonds in molecules. Direct activation of inert bonds, which has been considered extremely difficult with conventional complex catalysts and organocatalysts, is achieved by skillfully utilizing the multi-point interactions unique to precisely designed multi-functional solid catalysts. For example, we aim to develop new environmentally benign reactions such as direct activation (oxidative addition) of C–C bonds for cleavage and recombination, and direct activation of C–H bonds for oxidative molecular transformation. To realize these reactions, we are also engaged in the precise design of crystalline nano-oxides and metal clusters/nanoparticles, as well as the development of new synthesis methods.</p> <p>(2) We are developing highly active and durable catalysts mainly for the Fischer–Tropsch (FT) reaction using biomass-derived carbon sources (CO and CO₂) and for the reduction reactions of biomass-derived compounds (hydrogenative deoxygenation, etc.). In the FT reaction, we target the production of gasoline, kerosene, diesel oil, SAF, etc., and in the reduction reactions, we target the production of oxygen-containing compounds such as olefins and alcohols, and aromatic compounds through pyrolysis and hydrogenative deoxygenation of biomass.</p>

Supervisors	YANAGIDA LAB.
<p>Takeshi YANAGIDA, Professor</p> <p>Tsunaki TAKAHASHI, Associate Professor</p> <p>Takuro HOSOMI, Lecturer</p>	<p>In nature, there is a highly sophisticated mechanism that creates overwhelming functions by assembling various types of atoms and molecules by themselves while interacting with the surrounding environment in a complicated manner. Our laboratory, based on the physical chemistry of inorganic materials, device chemistry, and molecule chemistry, aim to understand and utilize such nanoscale “spatial material design principle”. These inorganic and organic materials can be spatially designed via the “interface events”. Furthermore, we aim to monitor spatially the multi-component molecules around us by integrating those new material properties (robust molecular recognition functions, etc.) with integrated devices and information science. We also are challenging to develop new research fields and industries that chemistry complex interacting systems. Specific ongoing research themes are listed below.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Development of inorganic / organic nanomaterial design method based on spatially selective crystal growth 2. Creation of robust molecular recognition interface 3. Development of single nanostructure property measurements 4. Creation of integrated molecular recognition electronics 5. Approaches of complex systems science via spatiotemporal measurements of multi-component molecules
Supervisors	NISHIBAYASHI LAB.
<p>Yoshiaki NISHIBAYASHI, Professor</p> <p>Yasuomi YAMAZAKI, Lecturer</p> <p>Yoshiaki TANABE, Project lecturer</p>	<p>Our laboratory is working on the development of molecular transformations mediated by bio-inspired molecular catalysts to yield useful molecules efficiently, which are capable of solving global challenges in energy and environment facing humanity on a global scale. Based on organometallic chemistry, our aim is design and development of nitrogen fixation, ammonia decomposition, reduction of carbon dioxide, and novel reactions including asymmetric synthesis.</p> <p>We are challenging the generation of new energy resources and an innovative social system based on these molecules.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Innovation of New Energy Resources and Foundation of New Social Systems 2. Development of New Catalysis Technology to Convert Dinitrogen and Carbon Dioxide into Resources 3. Development of New Catalysts as Solutions to Shortage of Energy Resources <p>Keywords: organic chemistry, catalysts, molecular complexes, organometallic chemistry, organic synthesis, nitrogen fixation, ammonia, energy and environment</p>

Supervisors	UEMURA LAB.
<p>Takashi UEMURA, Professor</p> <p>Nobuhiko HOSONO, Associate professor</p>	<p>All naturally occurring polymers are produced through enzymatic catalysis, where stereo-, regio-, and chemoselective reactions proceed effectively within regulated and well-organized molecular-scale spaces. Inspired by these elegant operations in biological systems, our research group has been developing new methodologies to control the structures of polymers and nanomaterials using microporous compounds, such as MOF, COF, and organic cages. The use of their designable nanopores for materials synthesis can facilitate multi-level structural control over the products. In addition, construction of the host-guest nanocomposites provides unprecedented material platforms to accomplish many nanoscale functions.</p>
Supervisors	KIM LAB.
<p>Yousoo KIM, Professor</p> <p>Emiko KAZUMA, Associate professor</p>	<p>The excitation of molecules on solid surfaces leads to various energetic processes, such as transfer, conversion, and dissipation. Thus, a detailed understanding of the excited quantum states of the molecules is crucial to improving and developing organic energy conversion devices/systems based on (opto)electronic and/or (photo)chemical processes. Our research focuses on (1) real-space observation of surface reaction processes at the single-molecule level, (2) single-molecule measurement of quantum states involved in the processes, and (3) exploration of the selective control of reaction pathways and physicochemical properties of molecular interfaces. The main research topics are as follows.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Real-space observation of surface reaction processes at the single-molecule level 2. Development of novel single-molecule spectroscopy and measurement of physicochemical properties 3. Development of novel catalytic surfaces 4. Development of a surface analytical evaluation system for surface reactions 5. Comprehensive investigation of surface reactions based on computational science and experiment

Supervisors	FUJITA and SATO LAB.
<p>Makoto FUJITA, Distinguished professor</p> <p>Sota SATO, Project professor</p> <p>Hiroki TAKEZAWA, Project Lecturer</p>	<p>Weak interactions induce the spontaneous organization of various biological structures such as DNA duplexes and protein nanostructures. We are translating such an elegant nature's mechanism into design principle for artificial molecular assemblies by showing the self-assembly of well-designed molecules into functional molecular systems.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Self-Assembling Molecular Systems Utilizing Transition Metals: Discrete coordination frameworks are self-assembled from metal ions and well-designed organic compounds. We have successfully constructed unique frameworks in nanoscale such as macrocycles, cages, capsules, nanotubes, and giant spheres. 2. Chemistry of the Confinement Effects: Chemically and physically new phenomena have been developed within the nano-sized cavity of the self-assembled hollow compounds. 3. Innovative Molecular Structure Analysis Utilizing Crystalline Nano Cavities: Through the studies on molecular recognition in solid state by analogy with solution chemistry, we have developed a new, crystallization-free, single crystal X-ray analysis method that is applicable for trace amount of and/or non-crystallizing compounds.
Supervisors	TATSUMA LAB.
<p>Tetsu TATSUMA, Professor</p>	<p>Our research interests include photofabrication of metal and semiconductor nanostructures and development of novel photofunctional materials and devices, on the basis of new photonic and electrochemical phenomena.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Plasmon-induced charge separation (PICS) PICS, which we have discovered and which can be used for photoelectric conversion and photocatalysis, are studied for its mechanisms and potential applications. 2. Photonic nanofabrication Nanoscale photo-processing for metals and semiconductors beyond the diffraction limit is developed by coupling optical near field with chemical reactions. 3. Nanophotonics Nanomaterials for manipulating light, including metamaterials, is developed on the basis of interaction between matter and light. 4. Photocatalysis Novel photocatalysts are developed on the basis of the photonic nanofabrication techniques and nanophotonics. 5. Light emitting materials and devices Colloidal quantum dots are chemically synthesized and applied to self-emission-type light emitting diodes (QD-LED) and displays. 6. Other optical materials Nanomaterials for control of light absorption are developed for application to color displays, data storage, and smart windows.

Supervisors	ISHII LAB.
Kazuyuki ISHII, Professor	<p>Our lab, Functional Metal Complexes Chemistry, aims to pioneer new scientific fields by fusing photochemistry, spin chemistry, and coordination/supramolecular chemistry. For example, photochemistry of metal complexes has attracted attention in terms of organic EL and artificial photosynthesis. Also, spin chemistry in photochemical processes became important for developing photofunctional molecules. Based on them, we are developing novel functional materials. Our research themes are as follows.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Research on Porphyrins and Phthalocyanines: Porphyrins, the basic skeleton of chlorophyll in photosynthesis and heme of hemoglobin, play important roles in biological systems. Phthalocyanines are practically used as blue/green dyes or pigments, photoconductors in photocopiers, and optical memory materials. We are preparing new porphyrins or phthalocyanines, and investigating their photochemistry and photofunctions. 2. Research on Molecular Chirality: Chirality is essential for developing pharmaceuticals and materials. In particular, we are investigating molecular chirality in terms of “homochirality of life”, which is related to the origin of life. 3. Development of Biofunctional Molecules for Cancer Therapy: We are developing photosensitizers for photodynamic therapy and luminescent probes for detecting antioxidants in biological systems. 4. Soft Crystals: We proposed the concept of “Soft Crystals”, which are different from conventional hard crystals and liquid crystals, and are investigating them. 5. Development of materials for adsorbing radioactive species: We are developing materials for adsorbing radioactive species, such as cesium ion, using Prussian Blue complexes.
Supervisors	SUNADA LAB.
Yusuke SUNADA, professor	<p>Subnano or Nanosized metal compounds (Metal clusters) have attracted much interests owing to their own unique properties attributed to the nanosized effect. Our research interests focus on the design and synthesis of a series of well-defined nanosized transition metal clusters, and their application as functional materials.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Synthesis of subnano- or nanosized metal clusters based on the template synthesis 2. Elucidation of the detailed chemical as well as physical properties of the metal clusters 3. Application of the metal clusters in a variety of catalysis 4. Synthesis of new functional metal clusters consisting of both transition metal and the main group elements

Supervisors	TSUKAMOTO LAB.
Takamasa TSUKAMOTO, Lecturer	<p>The nature of 'quantum-sized materials', which are ultrasmall nanoparticles with 1 nm diameter exhibiting the quantum size effect, have not been clarified sufficiently yet because of the technical difficulty of their synthesis. In this laboratory, we investigate the development of synthetic methods and properties of such materials by utilizing the knowledge of both organic and inorganic chemistry.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Development of synthetic method for quantum-sized materials 2. Evaluation of physical and chemical properties of quantum-sized materials 3. Development of atomic-level chemical reactions 4. Construction of concept of atom-analogy
Supervisors	TAKEYA LAB.
Junichi TAKEYA, Professor Yasunari TAMAI, Associate professor	<p>In the development of next-generation electronic devices, it is needed to consider their compatibility to the environment and demands for their diverse functions because of the rapid structural change in human society. Recently, organic semiconductor devices are attracting much attention as a practical candidate to meet such requirements because of their simple and low-cost production processes, low environmental burden, as well as for their unique function of flexibility. The scope of our research group ranges from basic scientific studies on materials chemistry and charge transport physics in organic semiconductor interfaces to the device functionalization and engineering of organic semiconductors.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Starting from developing new organic semiconductor materials, we study fundamental charge transport properties to eventually develop high-speed organic transistors utilizing organic single-crystal semiconductors developed in our group. Combining specialties in condensed matter physics, and device engineering, we create innovative electronics through synergistic effects. 2. We promote industrialization of the novel high-performance organic electronics in collaboration with various private companies. Our own start-up companies develop markets of integrated circuits for flexible display panels and IoT sensor tags in collaboration with various industries from chemistry to services.

Supervisors	UCHIDA LAB.
<p>Ken-ichi UCHIDA, Professor</p> <p>Yusuke NAKANISHI, Associate professor</p>	<p>Uchida Laboratory is conducting research on "spin caloritronics" based on the fusion of spintronics and thermoelectric/thermal transport properties. We are developing new thermal energy conversion, control, and transfer phenomena and functionalities driven by the concerted effects of electron transport, magnetism (spin), phonon, ferroelectricity, etc., and materials science to improve their energy conversion efficiency by introducing technologies and knowledge from interdisciplinary fields beyond the conventional framework of spintronics. We aim to contribute to the realization of a sustainable society by breaking new ground in spin caloritronics using our uniquely developed active thermal measurement and hybrid/composite material synthesis techniques as well as by bringing it to fruition in thermal management technologies.</p> <p>Examples of our current research themes are as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Exploration of new materials, microstructure control, and synthesis of hybrid/composite materials for giant magneto-thermoelectric and thermo-spin effects 2. Control of thermal conduction by magnon engineering and spin currents 3. Investigation of transport properties in quantum materials and ferroelectrics 4. Development of nanoscale active thermal imaging measurement techniques 5. Development of high-performance transverse thermoelectric conversion modules
Supervisors	SUZUKI LAB.
<p>Kosuke SUZUKI, Professor</p>	<p>Inorganic materials play a crucial role in modern society, supporting various fields such as molecular transformation, energy conversion and storage, magnetic materials, and photofunctional materials. In our laboratory, we go beyond conventional inorganic material synthesis, utilizing advanced synthesis techniques to precisely control structures from the atomic to the nanoscale. Through atomic- and molecular-level design of inorganic materials, we aim to develop novel functionalities and contribute to solving critical societal challenges, including energy and environmental issues.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Our research focuses on polyoxometalates, a class of molecular metal oxides, as a platform for designing new inorganic materials. By precisely tuning the number, composition, arrangement, and electronic states of metal atoms, we develop materials with unprecedented metal arrangements and properties. This approach enables us to explore a wide range of functionalities, including high-efficiency catalytic and photocatalytic reactions, development of energy conversion materials, creation of quantum functional materials. 2. By precisely designing interfaces and controlling electron and ion transport properties at the molecular and nanoscale levels, we aim to establish a new field of molecular ionics. In particular, we focus on the synthesis of molecular materials with multi-electron redox activity and their application in the development of energy conversion and storage devices.